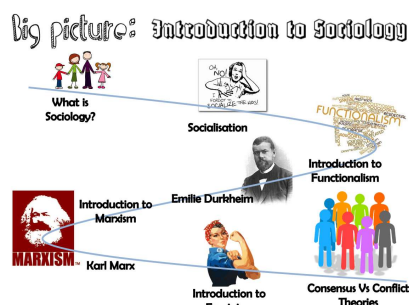


Year 10 Unit 1 Sociology Overview – Introduction to Sociology

Completion date: _____

Target grade for tests: _____



You will learn about:

- What sociology is and how sociologists study society.
- How social structures and social processes shape people's lives.
- Culture, norms, values and the process of socialisation.
- Key sociological perspectives and thinkers, including Karl Marx, Émile Durkheim and Max Weber.
- Feminism and sociological debates about sex and gender.
- The difference between consensus and conflict approaches to society.

You will be able to:

- Use key sociological vocabulary accurately.
- Describe and explain sociological ideas and concepts.
- Compare different sociological perspectives on society.
- Apply sociological ideas to examples from contemporary society.
- Develop reasoned arguments and support them with sociological knowledge.

Lesson Overview: 1–2. What is Sociology? 3. What are social structures and processes? 4. What is culture and what are norms? 5. How does socialisation shape our identity? 6. What are the key ideas of Karl Marx? – Introduction to Marxism 7. What are the key ideas of Émile Durkheim? – Introduction to Functionalism 8. What are the key ideas of Max Weber? 9. What is feminism? – Introduction to Feminism 10. What is the difference between sex and gender? 11. What is the difference between conflict and consensus debates? 12. Assessment 13. To what extent does racism still shape British society?	Key Words Sociology Society Social structure Social process Culture Norms Values Socialisation Identity Marxism Functionalism Feminism Consensus Conflict Sex Gender
Suggested wider reading: • The Sociology Book: Big Ideas Simply Explained • The Little Book of Sociology • Chavs: The Demonization of the Working Class – Owen Jones • Natives: Race & Class in the Ruins of Empire – Akala • Invisible Women: Exposing Data Bias in a World Designed for Men – Caroline Criado Perez • The Secret Barrister: Stories of the Law and How It's Broken – The Secret Barrister	Cross curricular SMSC: explore different beliefs, values and viewpoints; consider equality, identity and social issues; develop reasoned views. Literacy: key vocabulary, structured explanations, comparison and extended writing. Numeracy: interpreting sociological data and using evidence.